

## AP CALCULUS AB

POLYNOMIALS TIMES FUNCTIONS WHOSE  
DERIVATIVES REPEAT

1) Calculate

$$\frac{d^{447}f}{dx^{447}}$$

for

a)  $f(x) = e^x$

b)  $f(x) = \sinh x$

c)  $f(x) = \sin x$

$$(a) \frac{d^{447}e^x}{dx^{447}} = e^x \quad \leftarrow$$

$$(b) \frac{d^{447}\sinh x}{dx^{447}} = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{d^{446}\sinh x}{dx^{446}} = \frac{d}{dx} \sinh x = \cosh x \quad \leftarrow$$

$$(c) \frac{d^{447}\sin x}{dx^{447}} = \frac{d^3}{dx^3} \frac{d^{444}\sin x}{dx^{444}} = \frac{d^3\sin x}{dx^3} = -\cos x \quad \leftarrow$$

2) Evaluate

$$I = \int x^2 \cos x \, dx = \int f'(x) \, dx = f(x)$$

by assuming a function of the form

$$f(x) = Ax^2 \cos x + Bx^2 \sin x + Cx \cos x + Dx \sin x + E \cos x + F \sin x,$$

differentiating it, and choosing the constants A, B, C, D, E and F accordingly.

$$f'(x) = A(2x \cos x + x^2, -\sin x) + B(2x \sin x + x^2 \cos x) + C(\cos x + x \cdot -\sin x) + D(\sin x + x \cos x) + E \cdot -\sin x + F \cos x =$$

$$= -Ax^2 \sin x + Bx^2 \cos x + (2B - C)x \sin x + (2A + D)x \cos x + (D - E) \sin x + (C + F) \cos x =$$

$$= x^2 \cos x \Rightarrow A = 0 \quad B = 1 \quad C = 2 \quad D = 0 \quad E = 0 \quad F = -2 \quad \text{so}$$

$$I = f(x) = x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x \quad \leftarrow$$