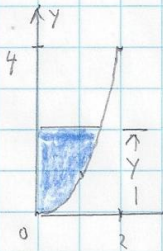


(1)



$$V = \frac{\pi}{2} y^2, \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{y}, \quad \pi y dy = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{y} dt,$$

$$\sqrt{y} dy = -\frac{dt}{2\pi}, \quad \int_4^y \sqrt{z} dz = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^t dx, \quad \left[\frac{2}{3} z^{3/2} \right]_4^y = -\frac{1}{2\pi} [x]_0^t,$$

$$\left[\frac{2}{3} z^{3/2} \right]_4^y = -\frac{3}{4\pi} [x]_0^t, \quad y^{3/2} - 8 = -\frac{3}{4\pi} t, \quad y^{3/2} = 8 - \frac{3}{4\pi} t,$$

$$y = \left[8 - \frac{3}{4\pi} t \right]^{2/3} \quad y=0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{32\pi}{3} = 33.51 \text{ min} = 33:31$$

(2) $F = -\frac{1}{3}t + 50, \quad P = 3t - 130 \quad (t \geq 60)$

(a) $V'(t) = \begin{cases} F, & 0 \leq t \leq 60 \\ F-P, & 60 < t \end{cases} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3}t + 50, & 0 \leq t \leq 60 \\ -\frac{10}{3}t + 180, & 60 < t \end{cases}$

(b) $0 \leq t \leq 60: \quad V(t) = \int_0^t \left(-\frac{1}{3}z + 50 \right) dz = \left[-\frac{1}{6}z^2 + 50z \right]_0^t = -\frac{1}{6}t^2 + 50t, \quad V(60) = 2400$

$60 < t: \quad V(t) = V(60) + \int_{60}^t \left(-\frac{10}{3}z + 180 \right) dz = 2400 + \left[-\frac{5}{3}z^2 + 180z \right]_{60}^t =$

$= 2400 - \frac{5}{3}t^2 + 180t - 4800 = -\frac{5}{3}t^2 + 180t - 2400$

$V(t) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{6}t^2 + 50t, & 0 \leq t \leq 60 \\ -\frac{5}{3}t^2 + 180t - 2400, & 60 < t \end{cases}$

(c) Time when empty: $-\frac{5}{3}t^2 + 180t - 2400 = 0, \quad t = \frac{-180 \pm \sqrt{180^2 - 4(-\frac{5}{3})(-2400)}}{2(-\frac{5}{3})} =$

$= \frac{540 \pm 3\sqrt{16,400}}{10}$

$t = 15.581 \text{ min}$

$t = 92.419 \text{ min} = 1:32:25$

(d) $0 \leq t \leq 60: \quad V' = 0 \Rightarrow t = 150 \text{ (out of range)}$

$60 < t: \quad V' = 0 \Rightarrow t = 54 \text{ (out of range)}$

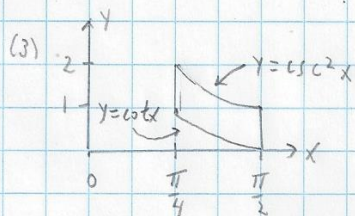
kink: $V'(60^-) = 30$

$V'(60^+) = -20$

so $t = 60 \text{ min}$ is max
 $V(60) = 2400 \text{ gal}$ is max

Quiz #13 Study Guide

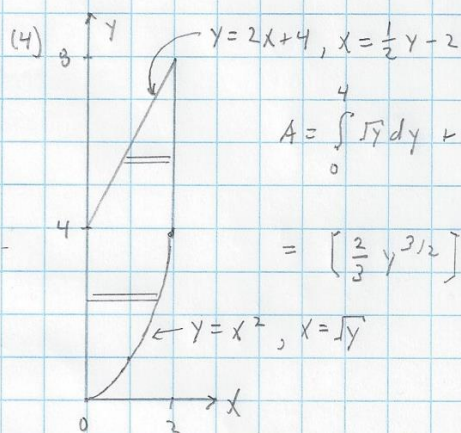
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$$\int \cot x dx = \ln |\sin x|, \quad dA = (\csc^2 x - \cot x) dx.$$

$$A = \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} (\csc^2 x - \cot x) dx = \left[-\cot x - \ln |\sin x| \right]_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} =$$

$$= 1 - \ln \sqrt{2} = 0.6534264097$$



$$A = \int_0^4 \sqrt{y} dy + \int_4^8 \left(2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}y - 2 \right) \right) dy = \int_0^4 \sqrt{y} dy + \int_4^8 \left(-\frac{1}{2}y + 4 \right) dy =$$

$$= \left[\frac{2}{3} y^{3/2} \right]_0^4 + \left[-\frac{1}{4} y^2 + 4y \right]_4^8 = \left[\frac{16}{3} \right] + [4] = 9 \frac{1}{3}$$