

AP CALCULUS AB

SPRING FINAL STUDY GUIDE

Problems **1** and **2** concern estimating the integral

$$\int_0^4 \left(4 - \frac{1}{4}x^2 \right) dx$$

using rectangles.

- 1) Estimate the integral using LRAM with four equal subdivisions.
- 2) Estimate the integral using RRAM with four equal subdivisions.
- 3) For

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2}x + 3 & , \quad 0 \leq x \leq 6 \\ \sqrt{9 - (x - 9)^2} & , \quad 6 < x \leq 12 \end{cases},$$

evaluate

$$\int_0^{12} f(x) dx$$

by using geometry.

- 4) Given that

$$\int_3^{10} f(x) dx = 14, \quad \int_7^{10} f(x) dx = -3$$

and

$$\int_3^7 g(x) dx = 9,$$

evaluate

$$\int_3^7 [4f(x) + 5g(x)] dx.$$

- 5) Evaluate

$$\int \left(\frac{91 \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^3}}{4} - \frac{104}{5 \cdot \sqrt[5]{x^{18}}} \right) dx.$$

- 6) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/6} \sec^2 x dx.$$

- 7) Evaluate

$$\int_0^4 \left(4 - \frac{1}{4}x^2 \right) dx.$$

- 8)

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{17}^x \sec^7 t dt = ?$$

- 9)

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{x^6}^{x^8} \tan^4 t dt = ?$$

- 10) For $f(x) = -x^2 + 4x$, calculate the average value of $f(x)$, i.e., \bar{f} , over $x \in [0, 4]$.

- 11) For $f(x)$ as in problem **10**, find the values of $c \in [0, 4]$ which are guaranteed to exist via the Mean Value Theorem for Definite Integrals.

Problems **12** and **13** concern the function

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{10}{9}x + \frac{10}{3} & , \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -\frac{64}{81}x + \frac{320}{81} & , \quad 2 < x \end{cases}.$$

- 12) Calculate

$$f(x) = \int_0^x f'(t) dt.$$

- 13) Find the coordinates of the absolute maximum of $y = f(x)$.

- 14) For $y = f(x)$ as defined by the table

| | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| x | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| $f(x)$ | 2 | 3 | 6 | 5 |

estimate

$$\int_0^6 f(x) dx$$

by using trapezoids. *Be careful!* The subdivision sizes are not equal.

- 15) For $y = f(x)$ as defined by the table

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| $f(x)$ | 25 | 32 | 27 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 7 |

estimate

$$\int_0^6 f(x) dx$$

by using Simpson's Rule with three equal subdivisions.

- 16) Solve

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 18x + 4$$

for $y = y(x)$ subject to the initial conditions $y'(0) = 8$ and $y(0) = 7$.

- 17) For $x \in [-4, 4]$ and $y \in [-4, 4]$, draw the slope field of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y.$$

- 18) Solve

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{9x}{16y}$$

for $y = y(x)$ valid in the first quadrant subject to the initial condition $y(0) = 3$.

- 19) Evaluate

$$\int x\sqrt{16-x^2} dx.$$

- 20) Evaluate

$$\int \sec^2 x \tan x dx.$$

- 21) Evaluate

$$\int_0^4 x\sqrt{16-x^2} dx.$$

- 22) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/3} \sec^2 x \tan x dx.$$

- 23) After 500 years, 30% of a sample of a radioactive isotope decays. After how many years will 70% of the original sample be decayed?

- 24) Mom takes a meatloaf out of the oven and puts it on the kitchen counter. The temperature of the kitchen is 72°F. After 20 minutes, the temperature of the meatloaf is 180°F. Twenty-five minutes after that, its temperature is 105°F. What was the temperature of the meatloaf when it was first taken out of the oven?

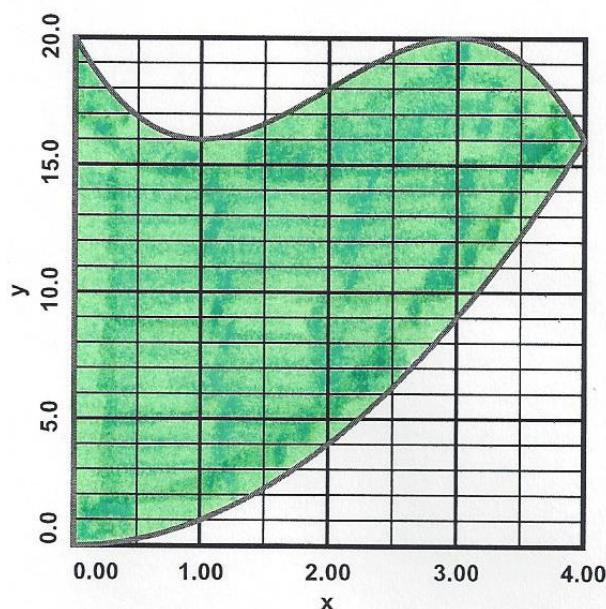
- 25)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{x} = ?$$

- 26)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\tan x} = ?$$

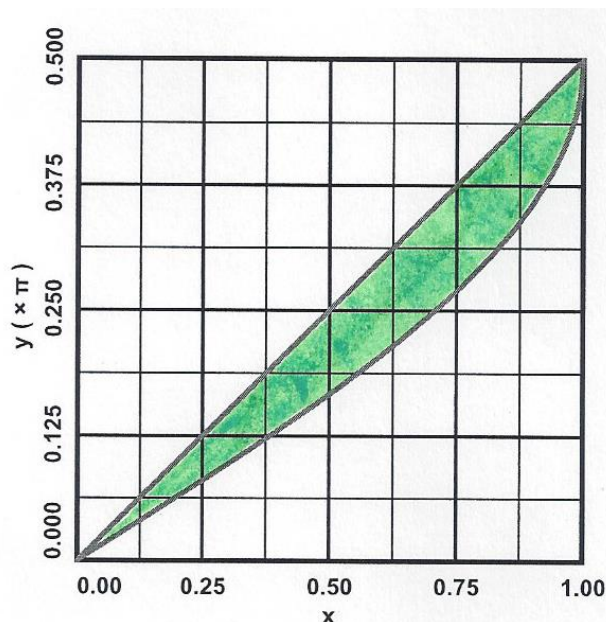
- 27) Calculate the area of the shaded region shown, which is bounded by the y -axis and the curves $y = -x^3 + 6x^2 - 9x + 20$ and $y = x^2$.



AP CALCULUS AB

- 28) Calculate the area of the shaded region shown, which is bounded by the curves

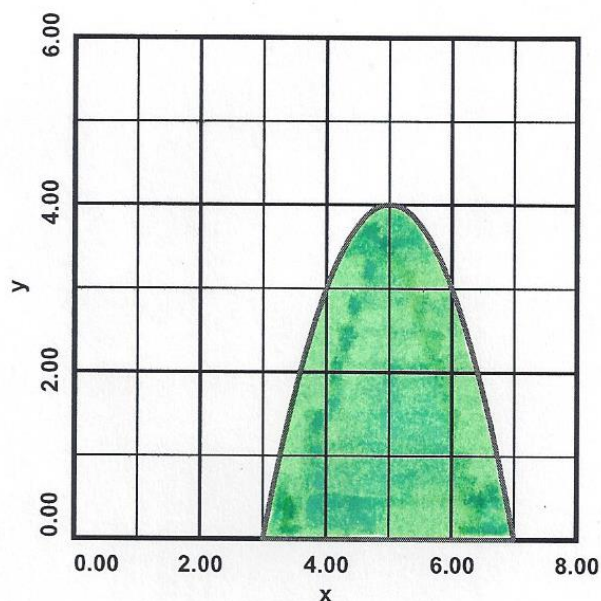
$$y = \frac{\pi}{2}x \text{ and } y = \sin^{-1}x.$$



- 29) Calculate the volume of the solid, whose cross-sections perpendicular to the x -axis, are equilateral triangles, with their bases running from $y = -\sqrt{x}$ to $y = \sqrt{x}$ on $x \in [0, 4]$.
- 30) For the area bounded by the x -axis and $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$ on $x \in [-2, 2]$, calculate the volume of the solid generated by revolving this area about the x -axis.

SPRING FINAL STUDY GUIDE

Problems 31 and 32 concern the shaded area bounded by the x -axis and $y = 4 - (x - 5)^2$ for $x \in [3, 7]$ as shown.



In particular, these two problems concern calculating the volume of the solid generated by revolving this area about the y -axis.

- 31) Calculate the volume by using a cylindrical shell as the differential of volume.
- 32) Calculate the volume by using an annular disk as the differential of volume.